Minimax Invariant Mass and Fake Factors

Giulia Maineri

Summer Student Project (ATLAS)

August 2023





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Minimax invariant mass

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$$m_{bl}^{minimax} = min\{max\{m_{l1,b1}, m_{l2,b2}\}, max\{m_{l1,b2}, m_{l2,b1}\}\}$$
(1)

Why minimum?

Because we want to match objects near in the phase space.

Why maximum?

Let's see.

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Minimax invariant mass - A very simple situation



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Minimax invariant mass - A very simple situation





\rightarrow we could take the minimum

 $\label{eq:minimax} \begin{array}{l} \mbox{minimax works as well:} \\ max\{m_{l1,b1},m_{l2,b2}\} < max\{m_{l1,b2},m_{l2,b1}\} \end{array}$

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Minimax invariant mass - A simple situation







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 $\label{eq:minimax} \begin{array}{l} \mbox{minimax works as well:} \\ max\{m_{l1,b1},m_{l2,b2}\} < max\{m_{l1,b2},m_{l2,b1}\} \end{array}$

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Minimax invariant mass - A tricky situation



$$\begin{split} m_{l1,b1} < m_{l2,b2} & m_{l2,b1} < m_{l1,b2} \\ & \to \text{it's not clear who is the minimum!} \\ & \text{absolute minimum could be e.g. } m_{l2,b1} \\ & \text{but minimax does its work:} \\ max\{m_{l1,b1}, m_{l2,b2}\} = m_{l2,b2} < max\{m_{l1,b2}, m_{l2,b1}\} = m_{l1,b2} \\ & \min\{m_{l2,b2}, m_{l2,b1}\} = m_{l2,b2} \square_{P} < \mathbb{R} \\ \end{split}$$

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Minimax invariant mass - Simulations

 ${\rightarrow} \mathsf{We}$ need the minimum of the maxima

min # eventi Entries 10000 1200 Mean 118.3 Std Dev 120.6 1000 minimax Entries 10000 319.3 Mean 800 Std Dev 276.9 min 600 minimax 400 200 0 200 1200 1400 1600 400 600 800 1000 M[GeV]

Invariant mass comparison



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Fake factors

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- Reproducing Fake Factors (Electrons)
- Modifying Control Region (Electrons)
- Reproducing Fake Factors (Muons)
- Modifying Control Region (Muons)

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$$F = \left(\frac{N_{tight}^{data} - N_{tight}^{MC}}{N_{loose}^{data} - N_{loose}^{MC}}\right)_{CR}$$

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Control Region - Nominal

• $p_T' > 30 \, \text{GeV}$ • 1 b-jet • $m_T^l + E_T^{miss} < 60 \, \text{GeV}$

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Why 1 b-jet? \rightarrow similar to SR

Why $m_T + E_T^{miss} < 60 \text{ GeV}$?



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Image: A match a ma

• 1 b-jet • $m_T^l + E_T^{miss} < 60 \text{ GeV}$



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MC up 10% \rightarrow F decrease MC down 10% \rightarrow F increase



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Image: A matrix and a matrix



Image: A matrix and a matrix

• $p_T^l > 30 \,\mathrm{GeV}$

• $m_T^l + E_T^{miss} < 60/50/70 \, \text{GeV}$



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higher $\eta \rightarrow$ higher number of fakes lower $\eta \rightarrow$ lower number of fakes



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Minimax and Fake Factors

Modifying Control Region - Number of b-jets



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Modifying Control Region - Number of b-jets



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Modifying Control Region - Number of b-jets



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Modifying Control Region - Electrons Final Comparison



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Modifying Control Region - $\Delta \phi(\mathbf{j}, \mu)$



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Modifying Control Region - $\Delta \phi(j,\mu)$



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